Religious terrorism

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Historical Perspectives on Religious Violence

- Judeo-ChristianAntiquity
- Christian Crusades
- The Assassins



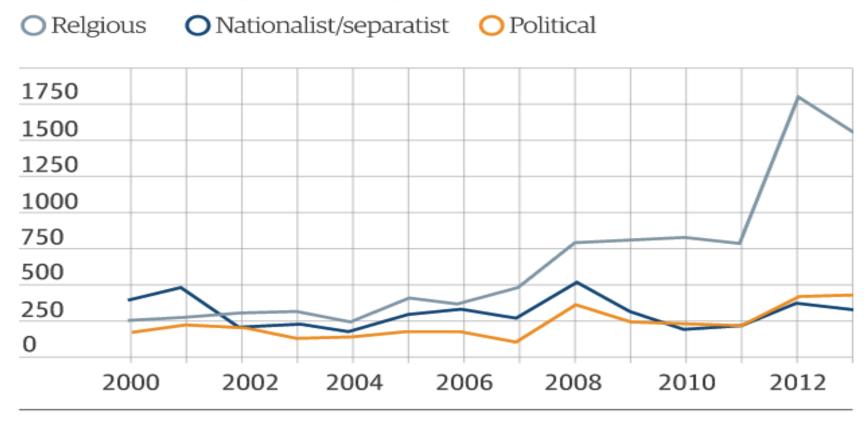
Religion and terrorism

- Religion is not the problem, but.....
- Why ideology is different from religion?
- Violence is not only justified, but is also.....
- Gives the violence collective meaning
- Violence as proof of the faith

Trends in terrorist group ideology

Ideology

Trends in terrorist group ideology, hundreds of incidents



Comparison: Religious and Secular Terrorism

SOURCE: Bruce Hoffman, Inside Terrorism (New York: Columbia University Press, 1998), 94–95.

Environment	Activity Profile	Activity Profile	Activity Profile
Environment	Quality of Violence	Scope of Violence	Relationship to Existing System
Religious	Unconstrained scale of terrorist violence Result: Unconstrained choice of weapons and tactics	Expansive target definition Result: Indiscriminate use of violence	Alienated "true believers" Result: Completely reconfigured social order
Secular	Constrained scale of terrorist violence Result: Relative constraint in choice of weapons and tactics	Focused target definition Result: Relative discrimination in use of violence	Liberators Result: Restructured or rebuilt society

Religious Foundation

AL QAEDA

- Holds no territory
- Has virtually no state sponsorship
- Does not support the aspirations of an ethnonational group
- Has vague political demands
- Has no top-down organizational structure
- Has a completely religious worldview

ISLAMIC STATE

- Holds territory
- Has no state sponsorship
- Does support Sunny religious group
- Has a clear political demands
- Has well I developed topdown organizational structure
- Has a completely religious worldview

Al Qaeda vs. Islamic State the battle for the soul of jihad

THE ISLAMIC STATE

- Primary enemy are regimes in the Arab world -"near enemy"
- Controlling territory, consolidating and expanding its position.
- Use of social media to disseminate its propaganda

AL QAEDA

Primary enemy is the United States - "far enemy"

Dramatic attacks against strategic or symbolic targets

 Sending written statements and videos to news outlets such as Al Jazeera

Groups with expressions of support

TO ISLAMIC STATE

- Boko Haram
- Banqsamoro Islamic Freedom Fighters
- Jemaah Islamiyah
- Ansar al-Sharia (Tunis)
- Jund al-Khilafarah
- Abu Sayyaf
- Mujahideen Shura Council in the Envirions of Jerusalim
- Jamaah Ansharut Tauhid
- Ansar Bait al-Maqdis
- Islamic Movements of Uzbekistan
- Jundallah (Pakistan)

TO AL QAEDA

- Al Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb,
- Al Shabab in Somalia,
- Al Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula,
- Al-Nusra Front in Syria



Supposed Future Islamic State?

List of nations by IS fighter origin (500 or more)

•	Tunisia	3,000
•	Saudi Arabia	2,500
•	Russia	1,700
•	Jordan	1,500
•	Morocco	1,500
•	France	1,200
•	Turkey	1,000
•	Lebanon	900
•	Germany	650
•	Libya	600
•	United Kingdom	600
•	Uzbekistan	500
•	Pakistan	500

Goals of American-led Coalition to counter the Islamic State

- Supporting military operations, capacity building, and training;
- Stopping the flow of foreign terrorist fighters;
- Cutting off IS's access to financing and funding;
- Addressing associated humanitarian relief and crises;
- Exposing IS's true nature (ideological delegitimisation).



JUST MAKE SURE YOU DON'T PUT ANY
"ENEMY-OF-MY-ENEMY" NEXT TO ANY
"FRIEND-OF-MY-FRIEND'S-ENEMY"....



NATO approach towards religious terrorism

- The Defense of NATO territory
- Capability building
- Monitoring of foreign fighters
- The Strengthening of Partnership

Recomodations

- Recognize the serious ideological threat
 Support moderate Islam
- Improve intelligence capabilities and coordination
- Address the social problems in Western societies that support radicalization.
- Promote international cooperation at each stage of the "chain of radicalization"

