

Panel 1: Global security environment: new Challenges for NATO and Partners

Panel 2: NATO contribution to peace and stability

Thursday, August 29th 2013

- Group 1, Dr Vilma Petkovska

Global security environment: new challenges for NATO and Partners

- NATO facing new challenges

Internal and external factors

Financial crisis

Different approach, Chicago 2012

Afghanistan post 2014, raising conflicts

Open door policy

Burden sharing

Stability factor in the region

Question of *Neutrality*

- NATO integration process

What is NATO, raising public awareness

Political – Military Alliance, Art V collective defense, ongoing reform process in security sector

Experience of the recent countries that became MS

Who benefits, the country or the Alliance

Goal: exporter of stability

Who decides on membership to NATO, citizens or the Parliament

NATO vs EU integration – complementary processes

- NATO and Partners

Possibility to operate on global level and cooperate with non MS countries

Advantages vs Disadvantages of becoming a MS

- Security, stability, economic growth, sharing common values, contributing peacekeeping operations and being part of the “club” on equal grounds (consensus)
- Risk of threatening good and long term bilateral relations with other countries who do not favorise NATO, emotional aspect ('99), losing sovereignty, does membership requires additional expenditures, does it cost, fighting for the interest of “greater powers

NATO integration process in the WB

- Croatia and Albania, MS 2009
- Montenegro, IV MAP cycle
- BiH military territory disputes
- Republic of Macedonia, name issue
- Serbia, involved in PfP
- Kosovo, starting point

Different regional initiatives in this filed (A5, WB6)
common participation, sharing and expressing
views, building stronger relations in order to
satisfy international criteria in main tasks, such
as: organized crime, corruption and rule of law